The Book of "How's"

Or what may be done with wools in every home

Edited by Miss Loch, needle work examiner to the London School Board.

Price: Four Pence

Third Edition.
First published 1900
THE BOOK OF "HOWS" OR WHAT MAY BE DONE WITH WOOLS IN EVERY HOME.

LEARNING TO KNIT

PUBLISHED BY BALDWIN & WALKER LIMITED WEST CROFT MILLS HALIFAX.
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THE EDITOR'S REMARKS

The Editor hopes the following recipes for the simple articles treated in this little book will be easily understood and followed. A few explanatory notes of some of the terms used in knitting are given, which, although now generally understood, may be useful for those who have not hitherto paid much attention to the subject.

In washing woollen articles it should be remembered that the garments should not be steeped overnight, nor the water used so hot that the hand cannot be held in it; the articles should be washed quickly (a good plain soap being used), and dried quickly after being rinsed in clean warm water. Boiling water or strong dry soaps and powders ruin the fibre of the wool and spoil the colour, while leaving the fabric wet or damp for any length of time inevitably causes shrinking.

The utility of teaching the art of knitting is now, it is hoped, quite realised by those who have the practical education of the younger generation at heart, and the Editor can testify from her daily experience, to the pleasure and interest felt by children in watching some useful and pretty article “grow” under their fingers. As a pleasant and useful factor in women’s lives, knitting may well be encouraged to hold its own, and it is hoped this little book may take its share in helping towards this end.
EXPLANATION OF TERMS USED

How to Knit "Plain." Insert the right-hand needle into the front of loop on the left-hand needle, pointing it away from you. Bring the wool under and over the right-hand needle, catch loop thus made with the right-hand needle and pass it off the left-hand needle.

How to Knit "Purl." Bring wool to the front between the two needles, insert the right-hand needle into the front of loop on left-hand needle, pointing it towards you; pass the wool round the point of the right-hand needle from right to left, catch the loop thus made with the right-hand needle, and pass it off the left-hand needle. The wool is still in front of the needle.

How to Cast on. Make loop on left-hand needle, insert right-hand needle into loop, and proceed as for plain knitting, only in place of taking the stitches off the left-hand needle they are transferred from the right to the left needle.

How to Cast off. Knit the first stitch, knit the second, then with the left-hand needle pass the first stitch over the second stitch, drawing the second stitch through the first stitch. Continue thus till all the stitches are cast off. The toes of socks or stockings are sometimes cast off in this manner, the first stitches on each needle being taken together, then the second two stitches, the first stitch slipped over the second, and so on. Another method is to join the stitches by grafting, which is an imitation of the knitting stitch, worked with a wool needle. When this method is adopted it is impossible to detect the join.

How to Increase. Knit the stitch in the ordinary manner, but before slipping it off the left-hand needle, insert the right-hand needle into the back of the stitch and knit one there, so that there are two stitches in place of one. There are other methods of increasing, such as bringing the "wool forward," that is, bringing the wool to the front between the needles, or knitting one on the thread between two stitches; but the first method given is the best, as it does not make a hole in the knitting. In the recipe for Baby's Veil, the term "make three" occurs. In this case it means "purl, plain, purl" into the one stitch. In increasing before a purl stitch, the wool must be passed right round the needle and brought to the front again.

How to Decrease. The two most usual methods of decreasing are—(1) Slip one, knit one, pull the slipped stitch over the knitted one; this makes the decreasing slant from right to left. (2) Knit two stitches together; this makes the decreasing slant from left to right. This must be borne in mind when decreasing at the back of a sock or stocking, and when knitting the intakes for the foot.

All the Articles illustrated in this Book have been Knitted with BALDWIN & WALKER'S "Ladyship" Wools.
KNITTING AS AN ART

OF THE HOME

Among the many "revivals" which an advanced interest and growing taste for the "Arts of the Home," has awakened within the last twenty years, Needlework has secured a high and well-deserved recognition. Objects of ordinary domestic use and wear have come under the influence of skilful handicraft and artistic knowledge, with the result that "art" work, as applied to the product of the needle of the stitcher or embroiderer, has become well understood and restored to the place in the refinements of dress and home decoration which it had well nigh lost.

It is not our purpose at the moment to deal with the small steel instrument with "an eye at one end and a keen point at the other," which is the tool of the sempstress and the embroiderer, but of the "knitting needle," as portrayed by the finished English gentleman and poet of the Court of Queen Elizabeth—Sir Philip Sidney—who writes of "A young Shepherdess knitting and singing, her voice comforted her hands to work, and her hands keep time to her voice's music"; and the courtly poet of a later reign, who in dainty verse tells of "those curious nets thy slender fingers knit."

To the art of knitting—for it is an art—frequent references may be found in the literature of English home life of the last three centuries, and its utility, and at the
same time recreative purpose, is happily described. In these days of steam and power looms, and of general haste and hurry, the arts of the household have less opportunity for prominence than in the more simple and restful times of our great grandparents, but the finger of the worker has never been so well trained as it is now. To show that knitting and its younger sister "crochet" is worthy, therefore, of an active domestic revival is the immediate object of this booklet, which by easy explanation of its various "Hows" indicates how both may be made, not only amusing and recreative, but of practical economic value in every household. The articles selected for working description are those which it is thought to be the most generally useful, but the selection by no means exhausts the capacity of the knitting needle or crochet hook, or the adaptability of wools to every-day and universal requirements. The ingenuity of the practised knitter will doubtless suggest many applications of the art which are not here shown.

The whole of the descriptions are written by skilful knitters, and are edited by an acknowledged high authority on the subject.

THE PUBLISHERS.
POSITION I.—Shows the correct manner of holding the knitting needles according to the most usual English method. The hand is held over the left-hand needle, and under the right-hand one.

POSITION II.—Shows the correct way of holding the knitting needles and wool before putting the right-hand needle into the first loop on the left-hand needle.

POSITION III.—Shows the correct way of lifting the wool with the right-hand forefinger over the point of the right-hand needle (when making a stitch), without leaving hold of the needle.
CAUTION

We learn that much disappointment and annoyance has been caused to ladies who have tried to follow the instructions in this book while using a wool which is not the "LADYSHIP" Wool. "LADYSHIP" Wools have been used to make all the articles described, and we cannot guarantee accuracy unless the "LADYSHIP" Wools are used. You will save yourself much trouble and annoyance if you will kindly insist, when buying the Wools, that they shall bear the name of "BALDWIN & WALKER'S LADYSHIP WOOLS" on every skein or packet. This will ensure the correct working of the instructions.
Baby's Strap Shoe.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—¼ oz. of Baldwin and Walker's 4-ply Lady Betty Wool (White). No. 14 Knitting Needles.

CAST on 25 stitches.

1st row. Knit 1, make 1 in the next stitch, thus:

Knit the stitch, but before slipping it off the left-hand needle, insert the right-hand needle into the back and knit it again, so that there are now 3 stitches on the needle (this prevents a hole). Knit plain to the end.

Repeat this row 11 times, when there will be 37 stitches on the needle.

13th row. Knit 1, knit 2 together, plain to the end.

Repeat till there are only 25 stitches again.

This completes the sole.

Cast on 6 more stitches for heel. Knit 1 plain row. (Always slip first stitch as for chain edge.)
2nd row. Knit 1, knit 1 and make 1 as in sole. Plain to end.
Repeat these 2 rows 6 times.
The wool will now be at the heel with 38 stitches on the needle.
Cast off 20 stitches. Knit plain to the end.
This completes the side of the Shoe.
Now for Toe Piece.—Work on the remaining 18 stitches as follows:—
1st row. Slip 1. (Always slip as for chain edge.) Turn up wool to
make 1, knit 2 together.
2nd, 3rd and 4th rows. Plain with chain edge.
5th row. Repeat pattern of 1st row, &c., till three patterns are
completed.
When the pattern row of 4th pattern is done, do not repeat the 3
plain rows but cast on 20 stitches for the other side of Shoe.
1st row. Plain.
2nd row. Slip 1, knit 2 together, plain to the end.
Repeat these 2 rows 6 times, when the wool will be at the heel with
31 stitches on the needle. Cast off.
To Sew Up.—Heel first; then side of sole; lastly the toe, tightening
it slightly to raise the pattern.
Strap.—Cast on 18 stitches, pick up 5 from the heel (2 on each side,
1 on join). Cast on 18 more on the other side.
Knit 2 plain rows.

3rd row. Plain, all but 4 stitches. Cast off 2, knit 2.

4th row. Knit 2, cast on 2, plain to the end.

5th row. Plain. Cast off.

Sew pearl or fancy button on strap. Woollen bob or ribbon bow on neck of foot.

Baby’s Shoes.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—3/4 oz. of Baldwin and Walker’s Lady Betty 4-ply or Andalusian Wool (White). No. 14 Needles.

CAST on 28.

1st row. Plain.

Increase at the beginning of each row till you have 40 stitches on your needle, always slipping the first stitch. Increase as follows:—Knit the stitch, but before slipping it off the left-hand needle insert the right-hand needle into the back and knit it again.

Decrease till you have 28 stitches on your needle.

Cast on 8 at heel end, and knit 16 rows, increasing every alternate row at toe end. This will give you 44 stitches. Slip 20 stitches at heel end on to a spare needle and knit the remaining 24 as follows, beginning at the toe end:—Knit 12 plain stitches, then 6 cheques for 24 rows. The cheques are formed by 2 plain and 2 purl stitches for 2 rows, and then alternating the stitches.
KNITTED REINS FOR CHILD.
Cast on 20 stitches at heel end and knit plain for 16 rows, decreasing every alternate row at the toe end.

There will now be 36 stitches on your needle.

Cast off.

Take the 20 stitches on the spare needle and pick up the corresponding 20 on the opposite side and the connecting 12 stitches across the toe piece, in all 52 stitches.

Knit 2 plain rows, then for third row knit 3, bring wool forward, knit 2 together. This is to form holes for ribbon.

Knit 2 plain rows.

Knit 12 cheques (24 rows), rib 2 and 2 for 12 rows and cast off, leaving enough wool to sew up.

Sew up the heel first, then side of sole, and lastly the toe.

Knitted Reins for Child.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—4 oz. of Baldwin and Walker's Best Scarlet 4-ply “Ladyship” Petticoat Wool. Two Needles, No. 9.


REINS.—Cast on 9 stitches. Knit up all the wool. Cast off.

MAKE up the arms in the following manner:—Make rings (17 inches in circumference) of the steel covered with webbing which was formerly used for making crinolines and which is still procurable at most linendrapers, cover them with red flannel or wool, and sew the reins on rings edge to edge. Sew the rings on to the breast piece, and put 5 bells on the latter.
Baby’s Leggings.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—2 1/4 oz. of Baldwin and Walker’s 4-ply “Ladyship” Scotch Fingering. No. 13 Needles.

CAST on 131 stitches on 2 needles.

1st row. Plain.

2nd row. Slip 1, knit 2, purl 1, knit 1, purl 1, till two from end of needle, which two knit plain.

Repeat 2nd row 8 times.

10th row. Plain.

11th row. Put wool forward, knit 2 together.

12th row. Plain.

Take 4 needles, knit plain, make 2 seam stitches, one at beginning of row, the other at exact division of stitches; knit the last 3 stitches across the first 3 stitches, leaving 128 stitches on the four needles. Knit 2 rounds plain, increase 1 stitch from each side of each seam stitch, increase every 9 rounds till you have increased 7 times; knit 3 rounds, divide for the leg, take stitches from one seam stitch to the other, having 78 altogether.

Take 2 together every other row each side of first and last stitch in the round, inside the leg, till you have 36 stitches left; knit 12 rounds, knit 1 round, put wool forward, take 2 together, knit 6 rounds plain.

THE FOOT.—Divide the stitches in half, starting from heel, slip 8 middle ones on to extra needle, also last 14. Knit first 14, increase 18, knit backwards and forwards plain for 18 rows, decreasing at toe 4 times, then cast off. Pick up the 18 stitches which were made, knitting last stitch with first of the 8 reserve stitches. Knit backwards and forwards plain, knitting in the 8 stitches one by one, then knit in the last 14 stitches; knit plain for 18 rows, decreasing at toe 4 times. Turn inside out, join together at heel, at bottom, and at toe.

When the first foot is finished, the slipped-off stitches are taken on to the 4 needles and the second leg knitted exactly like the first, keeping the decreasing on the inside of the leg.
Curly Muff.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—4 oz. of Baldwin and Walker's Best 2-ply White "Ladyship" Fleecy. Two Bone Needles, No. 11.

CAST on 34 stitches.

1st row. Knit.

2nd row. Fringe, which is done by winding the wool twice round the needle and one or two fingers together.

3rd row. Knit.

4th row. Fringe, and so on, for 15 inches. Cast off and join up.

LINING.—Cast on 30 stitches. Knit a plain piece for 10 inches. Cast off and join up.

To make up, put a layer of cotton wool between the muff and the lining.
Child's Gaiters.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—2 oz. of Baldwin and Walker's Best White 4-ply “Ladyship” Scotch Fingering; two Needles No. 10, and one very short one pointed at each end for the cable.

CAST on 46 stitches. Knit 4 plain rows. Knit 2, purl 2, for 12 rows (begin and end each row with knit 2 odd numbers, purl 2 the even numbers).

17th row. Knit 6, purl 2, cable (viz., slip 3 stitches on to the short
needle, knit the next three stitches across the first 3 stitches, knit the 3 slipped stitches), purl 2, knit the rest of the row.

18th row. Knit 32 stitches, purl 6, knit 8.
19th row. Knit 6 stitches, purl 2; knit 6, purl 2, knit to end of row.
20th row. Like 18th row.
21st row. Like 19th row.
22nd row. Like 18th row.
23rd row. Like 19th row.
24th row. Like 18th row.
25th row. Like 17th row, with cable.
26th row. Like 18th row.

Cable again on 33, 41, 49, 57, 65, 73, 81, 89, 97, 105, 113, 121, 129 rows.

On the second row after cables 41, 49, 57, 65 increase after the second stitch at the commencement of the row and before the second stitch at the end of the row. And on the second row after cables 73, 81, 89, 97 decrease at the same places. The total number of stitches will then be 46 (same as at start).

After cable 129 knit one plain row.

Knit 6 plain rows, increasing after the tenth stitch of the first and second rows, after the eleventh stitch of the third and fourth rows, and after the twelfth stitch of the fifth and sixth rows. The total number of stitches is now 52.

Knit 16, knit 2 together, knit 16, knit 2 together, turn. Knit 2 together, knit 14, knit 2 together, turn. Knit 2 together, knit 12, knit 2 together, turn. Knit 2 together, knit 10, knit 2 together, turn.

The stitches (44 in all) will now be in three groups, 12 in the middle and 16 at each side.

Knit 12 rows on the middle 12 stitches, then pick up the side stitches and knit 6 plain rows. Cast off. Join up the leg, and crochet a small edge round the bottom of the gaiter.

Left leg reverses the pattern of the right leg, viz.—

17th row. Knit 30, purl 2, cable, purl 2, knit 6, &c.
Baby's Stocking.


CAST on 52 stitches.

Knit 2 purl and 2 plain for 24 rows. Arrange stitches so that you have 26 on 1 needle and 13 on the other 2. Knit 2 together twice, then bring wool forward and knit 1, forward a second time and knit 1, forward a third time and knit 1, forward a fourth time and knit 2 together, then knit 2 together again without bringing wool forward.

Knit 2 purl (that will be 11 stitches and 2 purl for each pattern).

Repeat this all round once, then knit 2 rows plain. Continue this until the leg is the desired length, 1 row fancy, 2 rows plain (as described). Then divide stitches, half for heel and half for front of foot.

Knit 24 rows plain, with 12 stitches each side of seam stitch.

Turn heel and take
BABY'S
DOUBBLE-BREASTED
VEST.
up stitches. *Decrease* until you have same number of stitches as on front of foot.

The fancy pattern to be retained in the front of the foot until the decreasing for the toe is commenced.

To cast off toe, *decrease* every third row for 4 times, then every row until only 12 stitches remain, then cast off.

Baby’s Double-Breasted Vest.
*(Knitted.)*

Shrink Wool before using.

**MATERIALS REQUIRED.**—A little over 1 oz. of Baldwin & Walker’s Best 3-ply Lady Betty. Needles, No. 9.

**CAST** on 46 stitches for “back.” Always knit the first and last 3 stitches of every row. Purl 2, knit 2, continue this for 8 inches. Knit 30 plain rows. Knit 15 stitches, cast off 16 stitches, knit the remaining 15 stitches of the row.

On the last 15 stitches knit 24 plain rows.

Cast on 27 stitches on the inside and knit 30 plain rows.

Now work 8 inches of purl 2, knit 2, always keeping the first 3 and last 3 plain knitting. Cast off. Then take up the first 15 stitches of the shoulder and knit like the other side.

**SLEEVE.**—Pick up 40 stitches and decrease at beginning and end of every other row until there are 30 stitches on needle. Knit 30 plain rows, and then 30 rows of purl 2, knit 2, still keeping the first and last 3 stitches plain. Cast off.

Crochet a small edge round the neck to admit some ribbon.

This little vest can be made, if desired, from Baldwin & Walker’s 3-ply “Ladyship” Vest Wool, when it will not shrink.
BABY'S JACKET.

Baby's Jacket.

Check Pattern.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—2 oz. of Baldwin and Walker's White "Ladyship" Merino Wool and one pair of No. 13 Bone Knitting Needles.

THE Jacket is made in five parts, viz. : Right and Left Fronts, Back, and two Sleeves.

For Right Front.—Cast on 57 stitches and knit 3 purl, 3 plain, for 24 rows.

25th row. Slip 1, knit 2, * make 1, knit 2 together, knit 1; repeat from * to end of row.
26th row. Purl. This is for the waist, to form holes for ribbon.
27th row. Knit 3, purl 3, repeat to end of row.
28th row. Purl 3, knit 3, to end of row.
29th row. Same as 27th.
Repeat these 3 rows 22 times, then cast off 20 stitches for neck, and continue on 37 stitches for 8 more patterns.

LEFT FRONT.—This is knitted in the same way as the right front.
BACK.—Cast on 90 stitches and knit same as front for 30 patterns.
SLEEVE.—Cast on 57, and knit 3 purl, 3 plain, for 18 rows.
19th row. Slip 1, knit 1, *, make 1, knit 2 together, knit 1; repeat from * to end of row.
Sew the Jacket together and crochet round neck and down fronts.
1st row. One treble in the stitch of the knitting, 1 chain, miss 1 stitch and repeat.
2nd row. One double in 1 of the chain, and 1 treble in next. Repeat. Run ribbon in neck, sleeves, and waist.

Baby's Openwork Jacket.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—2 oz. of Baldwin and Walker's White "Ladyship" Merino Wool and one pair of No. 13 Bone Knitting Needles.

THE Jacket is made in five parts, viz.: Right and Left Fronts, Back, and two Sleeves.

FOR RIGHT FRONT.—Cast on 57 stitches and rib 3 plain and 3 purl for 24 rows.
25th row. Slip 1, knit 2, *, make 1, knit 2 together, knit 1; repeat from * to end of row.
26th row. Purl. This is for the waist, to form holes for ribbon.
To begin Body Pattern—

1st row. Slip 1, knit 1, *knit 2 together 3 times, make 1 and knit 1 5 times, make 1, knit 2 together 3 times, knit 1; repeat from * and knit 1 stitch at the end of row.

2nd row. Purl.

3rd row. Plain.

4th row. Purl.

Repeat these 4 rows 16 times.

Next row. Cast off 20 for the neck, and knit the remaining stitches for 5 repeats of the pattern and cast off.
FOR LEFT FRONT.—Cast on 57 stitches and knit same as above, but cast off 20 stitches in last row of 17th pattern, and continue the 37 stitches for the shoulder.

FOR BACK.—Cast on 90 stitches and knit same as front for 22 patterns then cast off.

FOR SLEEVES.—Cast on 57 stitches, rib 18 rows, 3 plain and 3 purl, then knit the 19th and 20th rows the same as the 25th and 26th for the front; knit then the pattern 16 times and cast off.

Sew the Jacket together and do following crochet edging down two fronts and round neck.

1st row. One treble in the stitch of the knitting, 1 chain, miss 1 stitch, and repeat.

2nd row. A double crochet in 1 of the chain, 3 treble crochet in the next. Repeat.

Run ribbon in neck, sleeves, and waist.

Crochet Petticoat (Baby’s).


MAKE 156 chains.

1st row. Make 51 groups of 2 trebles into 2 chains, missing 1 stitch between each group, but making no chain between them. These 51 groups will take up 153 stitches, and the extra 3 stitches, 1 for turning at the beginning of the 1st row. Turn always with 2 or 3 chains.

2nd row. Make 1 treble between 1st and 2nd treble of group in previous row, and 1 treble after the 2nd treble, and then 2 trebles between each group to end of row, ending by making 2 trebles between last stitch and turning chain of previous row. Always begin and end the rows as this 2nd row.

3rd row. Like 2nd row.

4th row. Make 8 groups, then 1 treble into the next place, miss 9 places, and 1 treble into 10th place; make 13 groups, 1 treble into
14th place, miss 9 places, 1 treble into 10th place, finish the row in the usual way. The missed places are for the armholes.

CROCHET PETTICOAT.

5th row. Make the groups as usual, with 1 group extra under each arm between the 2 single trebles.
Do 11 more rows with groups of 2 trebles.
Do 4 rows with groups of 3 trebles. Now work all round.
Do 6 rounds with groups of 3 trebles.
Do 6 rounds with groups of 4 trebles.
Do 1 row of groups of 7 trebles in the middle of the groups of 4 trebles, and 1 double between each group.
Make the same edging round the armholes, only with 5 trebles instead of the 7 trebles round the neck.
Run ribbon in neck and 13th row of bodice.

CHILD'S PETTICOAT.

Brioche Petticoat. (Child's.)

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—4½ oz. of Baldwin and Walker's Best 4-ply White "Ladyship" Scotch Fingering. Two Needles, No 9.

CAST on 180 stitches.

1st row. Bring wool forward, slip 1, knit 1.

2nd row. Bring wool forward, slip 1, knit 2 together; continue this (second row) until you have the length required (11 inches); then
do a row of knit 1, knit 2 together; and a row of wool forward knit 2 together to make holes for a running string.

Cast off fairly tightly.

Put a small crochet edge round the bottom of petticoat, such as 1 double into edge of work, 5 chain, 1 double into first of 5 chain; repeat 1 double.

Put ribbon or cord into the holes for a string; the former is the better.

**TAM O’ SHANTER.**

**Crochet Tam o’ Shanter. (Child’s.)**


**ALWAYS** take up the two heads of doubles. Make 3 chains into a ring.

1st round. One double into each chain.

2nd round. Two doubles into each double.
3rd round. Two doubles into each double.

4th round. One double into 1 double, then 2 doubles into 1 double.

Finish round thus.

5th round. One double into 1 double. One double into 1 double. Two doubles into 1 double, repeat for round. Continue thus, getting one more double between the increasings every round till you have the top the required size—in this one 26 doubles.

To decrease—miss the 14th stitch all round, then the 13th stitch all round, then the 12th stitch all round, until you have only 6 doubles between each decreasing. Now do 6 rounds of doubles for band without any decreasing. Finish off with tassel at the top.

Baby's Veil.

MATERIALS REQUIRED. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. of Baldwin and Walker's Persian Wool. No. 14 Needles.

CAST on 169 stitches (the border pattern takes a number of stitches that can be divided by 7 and 1 over for the edge).

1st row. Knit 2 together, knit 2, pass the wool twice round the needle, knit 2, slip 2, knit 1, pull the two slipped stitches over the knitted one, knit 2, pass the wool twice round the needle; repeat from *; end with knit 2, knit 2 together.

2nd row. Purl 3, pass the wool twice round the needle, purl the double stitch as one, purl 5 *; repeat from *.

3rd row. Same as 1st, except that the double stitch made by passing the wool twice round the needle is treated as one stitch.

4th row. Same as 2nd.

Continue this border for an inch and a half, then begin the cable pattern.

1st row. Knit 3, make 3 in one stitch, knit 3, take 3 together, knit 2, make 3 *; repeat from *. (Make 3 means purl plain purl in one stitch.)
BABY'S VEIL.
2nd row. Purl back.

3rd row. Knit 2, * knit 2 together, slip 1, knit 1, pull slipped stitch over the knitted one, knit 3. (To be sure that your work is straight, see that the centre one of these 3 is above the 3 together of the border pattern.) Repeat from *.

4th row. Purl back.

5th row. Knit 1, * slip 2 on to an extra needle, leave these hanging, knit the next 2, then knit the ones on the extra needle, put the wool forward, knit 1, put the wool forward, and repeat from *.

Repeat from the 2nd row till you have done the cable pattern 3 times, then alternately purl and knit 6 rows before beginning the lace pattern. This pattern requires six stitches and one over, so it is better to count your stitches and increase if required till you have 169 stitches. (Begin purl way to keep your pattern right side out.)

1st row. Purl 2 together, * wool round the needle, purl 3, wool round, purl 3 together *, repeat from *, ending with wool round, purl 3, wool round, purl 2 together.

2nd row. * Knit 1, knit 2 together, wool forward, knit 1, wool forward, knit 2 together *, ending with knit 1.

3rd row. * Purl 1, wool round, purl 2 together, purl 1, purl 2 together, wool round, repeat *, ending with purl 1.


5th row. Purl.

6th row. 2 together, * knit 1, wool forward, knit 1, wool forward, knit 1, knit 3 together, repeat *, ending with knit 1, wool forward, knit 1, wool forward, knit 1, knit 2 together.

Repeat these 6 rows till you have knitted 10 inches; then alternately purl and knit 4 rows; knit 1 row of 2 together, put the wool forward, purl back, knit 6 more rows and cast off. This makes the holes to run the ribbon in.

A section only of the Veil is shown in the illustration.
Sleeves or Armlets.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—
1½ oz. of Baldwin & Walker’s Best 4-ply “Ladyship” White Merino, or 3-ply “Ladyship” Scotch Fingering (White). Four No. 8 Needles, and four No. 9 Needles.

CAST on 68 stitches on No. 8 needles.
Knit 2, purl 2, for 7 inches. Then substitute No. 9 needles for No. 8, knit 2, purl 2, for 7 inches. Cast off.
Put a simple edging of crochet at one or both ends of sleeve, viz., 1 double into edge of sleeve,* 5 chain, 1 double into first of the 5 chain, 1 double into sleeve; repeat from *.
The sleeve is even better with the first third of the length done on No. 8 needles; the second third on No. 9 needles, and the last third on No. 10 needles.
Knitted Crossover.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—A little over 5 oz. of Baldwin & Walker's Best Natural 4-ply "Ladyship" Scotch Fingering. Two Bone Needles, No. 8.

CAST on 1 stitch. All plain knitting, increase on 2nd stitch of every other row until there are 67 stitches on the needle. Knit 128 rows without increasing. On another needle do a 2nd similar piece. Put the 2 pieces together on 1 needle, the straight end being in the middle. Knit the 2 straight end stitches together to form a centre stitch. Decrease every row by knitting together the 2 stitches before the centre stitch, till there is only one stitch on the needle. Cast off.
Put an edging round the crossover thus: Crochet 1 double into crossover, 5 chain 1 double into first chain stitch, 1 double into crossover. Repeat *.

Put a piece of narrow ribbon to each end of crossover.

Lady’s Scarf.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—
2½ oz. of Baldwin & Walker’s White Andalusian Wool for a Scarf about a yard long. No. 2 Needles.

Cast on 81 stitches.
Use the brioche stitch, viz.:—
Knit 2 plain stitches, bring wool forward, slip 1, knit 2 together; repeat till within two stitches of end of needle. These two stitches are to be knitted.

Every row is the same.
Cast off when the Scarf is considered of sufficient length, gather up the ends, and finish with neat tassel.
Lady's Mittens.

In Patent or Treble Knitting, with Double Welt.

CAST on 40 stitches, 12 on first, 12 on second, 16 on third needle. Knit 60 rounds, 2 plain, 2 purl; to complete the welt, bring the cast on edge of the knitting up inside and knit together stitch by stitch with the stitches you have on your needles to form a kind of hem, being very careful to join the corresponding stitches top and bottom to make your ribs lie straight. Now begin the hand. For the sake of convenience the following terms are used: —P, plain knitting; O, thread forward; A, knit three together; S, slip a stitch.

1st round.  O, S, P till end of round.

2nd round.  O, S2

MATERIALS REQUIRED. — Rather less than 2 oz. of Baldwin & Walker's Ladyship Super X 4-ply Fingering. No. 13 Needles.
(these two stitches lie together and are quite easy to slip), P till end of round.

3rd round. A (these three stitches lie on the top of one another and are quite easy to knit), P, * A, P * till end of round.


till end of round.

14th round. Same as 2nd round.

15th round. Same as 3rd round. There should now be 16 stitches on your first needle.

16th round. Same as 4th round.

17th round. Same as 5th round.

18th round. Same as 6th round.


till end of round.


till end of round.

till end of round.


26th round. Same as 2nd round.
27th round. Same as 3rd round (20 stitches on first needle).
28th round. Same as 4th round.
29th round. Same as 5th round.
30th round. Same as 6th round.
32nd round. O, S, P, make 1, O, S, P, 0, S, P, 0, S, P, 0, S, P, 0, S, P, 0, S, P, 0, S, P; make 1, O, S, P, till end of round.
38th round. Same as 2nd round.
39th round. Same as 3rd round (24 stitches on first needle).
40th round. Same as 4th round.
41st round. Same as 5th round.
42nd round. Same as 6th round.
Knit 12 more rounds in the pattern.
55th round. O, S, P, thread a needle with a few inches of wool and slip off 12 stitches for the thumb, O, S, P, to end.
Knit 11 more rounds in the pattern, then knit 12 rounds, 2 plain, 2 purl, and cast off loosely.

FOR THE THUMB.—Take up the 12 stitches on 3 needles, set in your wool and pick up 4 stitches in the gap between the thumb and 1st finger, putting these on the 3rd needle, knit 12 rounds in the pattern beginning O, S, P, and then knit 7 rounds, 2 plain, 2 purl, and cast off loosely.
Knitted Glove.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—2 oz. of Baldwin and Walker's White Shetland Wool. No. of Needles, 16 or 17. The term "raise" means to make a stitch.

Set on 64 stitches, 20 on the first two and 24 on the third pin. Knit 4 inches of rib, 2 plain, 2 purl.

1st row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 2, raise 1, plain rest of row.

4th row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 4, raise 1, plain rest of row.

7th row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 6, raise 1, plain rest of row.

10th row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 8, raise 1, plain rest of row.

13th row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 10, raise 1, plain rest of row.

16th row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 12, raise 1, plain rest of row.

19th row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 14, raise 1, plain rest of row.

22nd row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 16, raise 1, plain rest of row.

25th row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 18, raise 1, plain rest of row.

28th row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 20, raise 1, plain rest of row.

31st row. Knit 2, raise 1, knit 22, raise 1, plain rest of row.
32nd row. Knit 3, slip 22 loops of wool for the thumb, rest of row plain.
Knit 14 rows plain.

15th row. Knit 9, raise 1, knit 8, raise 1, knit 8, raise 1, knit 14,
raise 1, knit 8, raise 1, knit 9.
Knit 4 rows plain.

FIRST FINGER.—Knit 10; with a threaded wool needle slip off all
the stitches but the last 10 on the third needle.

With the loose needles take 4 of the knitted stitches on a second
needle and knit on it the first two of the 10 loops left on the last needle.
With a third needle knit the remaining 8. Knit round the finger until it is
within half an inch of the length required, then knit 2 together and
2 plain alternately for 1 row. Knit 4 rows without decreasing, then
2 together and 2 plain for 1 row. Break off wool, and with a threaded
wool needle slip off the remaining stitches and fasten off.

SECOND FINGER.—Slip the next 9 stitches on each opposite side on
two needles. On first needle knit 6, with a second knit the next 3 and 7
stitches off the next needle. With a third needle knit the remaining
2 stitches, and where the first finger was rounded take up 4 more stitches.
Knit as the first finger to the required length.

THIRD FINGER.—Knit as second.

FOURTH FINGER.—Knit as second and third.

THUMB.—Take up the 22 stitches and 2 more at the opening, and
knit the same as the fingers. Both hands are alike.

Polish Slippers.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—2 1/4 oz. of Baldwin
and Walker’s Golfandgun Wool (White). Two
No. 10 Needles; two No. 16 Needles.

CAST on 84 stitches on the No. 16 needles and knit 2 purl 2 for 12
rows (chain edge). Then change on to the No. 10 needles, and
knit 2 purl 2 for 54 rows. Change again to No. 16 needles, knit 2
purl 2 for 12 rows and cast off.

Sew up the two ends.

Crochet a small openwork border and run through a narrow elastic.
POLISH SLIPPER WHEN ON THE FOOT.

Place a small rosette at one end, about one-third from top. This rosette shows the end into which the toe is placed. When put on the foot, the Slipper will be found to fit comfortably.

Petticoat Fingering could be used for this recipe, if desired.

Bed Socks.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—2 oz. of Baldwin and Walker’s 4-ply “Ladyship” Scotch Fingering Wool for one pair. No. 11 Needles.

CAST on 40 stitches on one needle.

1st row. Knit plain.

2nd row. Increase one stitch at beginning of line, knit plain.

3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th rows, the same as 2nd row.
10th row. Knit plain.

12th row. Increase one at beginning; repeat these 2 rows till you have 58 stitches on your needle.

30th row. Knit 33 stitches; take another needle, and knit the remaining 25 on to that. Knit these 25 stitches 22 times (to form a sort of toe-cap).

53rd row. Knit the 25 stitches plain, and then cast on to the same needle 33 stitches to correspond with the ones left behind.

54th row. Knit plain.

55th row. Take 2 together at beginning of row. Repeat these 2 rows till you have 48 stitches on your needle, and then take 2 together at the beginning of every row till you have 40 stitches. Knit one plain row and cast off.

To complete the leg, pick up the 33 cast-on stitches which correspond with the 33 left behind, and then pick up 12 across where the instep begins.

BED SOCK.
1st row. Slip 1, knit 10, take 2 together, turn back; slip 1, knit 10, take 2 together. Repeat till you have 52 stitches on your needles; you can then put all the stitches on one needle and knit the whole length. Knit 28 plain rows; 30 rows ribbed (2 plain, 2 purl); 6 more plain rows. Cast off loosely and sew up.

Woman's Stocking (Ribbed).

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—6 oz. of Baldwin and Walker's Best 4-ply Black "Ladyship" Scotch Fingering for one pair, and 4 Needles, No. 15.

CAST on 90 stitches. Rib 2 plain, 1 purl.

Do 11 inches without decreasing. Then commence decreasing, always leaving 1 plain stitch each side of seam stitch.

Decrease by slip 1, knit 1, pass slipped stitch over, before the seam stitch, and by taking 2 together after the seam stitch.

Decrease 6 times each side of seam stitch with 7 rounds between each decreasing, thus reducing the number of stitches to 78.

The leg must be 21 inches from the casting on to the commencement of heel.

HEEL.—Divide for the heel, 39 stitches on the heel needle and 39 stitches on the front needle. Do 39 rows, keeping the ribs right.

GUSSET OF HEEL.—Knit up to the seam stitch; then purl 1, knit 2, knit 2 together, knit 1. Turn round. Slip 1, purl 6, purl 2 together, purl 1. Turn round. Slip 1, knit up to the space all but one stitch, knit 2 together, knit 1. Turn round. Slip 1, purl up to one stitch before space, purl 2 together, purl 1. Continue these two rows till you have 6 stitches left on each side, then end each row with the "taking 2 together" until there are no stitches left. Pick up the side stitches.
Keep the stitches on the front needle as they were, and divide all the other stitches between two needles.

**Instep.** — Knit out the first needle all but 3 stitches, knit 2 together, knit 1. Rib the second needle. Knit 1, slip 1, knit 1, pass "slip" stitch over. Knit rest of this third needle plain. Do plain knitting on the two heel needles, and rib on the front needle without decreasing. Continue these two rounds till you have 19 stitches on each side needle. There are 6 inches from the commencement of instep to the commencement of toe.

**Toe.** — No ribbing. Divide the stitches into
6, and do a round of knit 4 and decrease (decrease by knitting 2 together).

6 rounds between without decreasing,
then 5  "  "  "  "  
4  "  "  "  "  
3  "  "  "  "  
2  "  "  "  "  
1 round  "  "  "  

Thread off the remaining stitches, draw tight and fasten off.

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**Woman's Vest. (Full Size.)**

**MATERIALS REQUIRED.**—3½ oz. of Baldwin and Walker's Best 4-ply White "Ladyship" Vest Wool. Four No. 8 and six No. 14 Needles.

CAST on 184 stitches. Knit 4, purl 4, for 15 inches. Divide the stitches into half. Take one half (92 stitches) for the back, and rib backwards and forwards, knit 4, purl 4, for 8½ inches; then divide the back stitches into 3, 32 stitches each side and 28 in the middle; thread off the 28 stitches on to some wool. Take 32 stitches of one side and continue the ribbing, decreasing on the side near the 28 stitches every fourth row, till 10 stitches have been taken off. Cast off, and do the other 32 stitches on the other side in the same way. Now take the front 92 stitches, divide them in half, and continue the ribbing on the right-hand half for 8½ inches. Thread off the 14 stitches next to front opening on to some wool and continue the ribbing, decreasing every fourth row on the end near opening till 10 stitches have been taken off. Cast off. Take the other half of front, cast on 10 plain stitches at opening end (always purling them), and continue the rib and the 10 plain stitches for 8½ inches. Thread on to some wool the 10 plain stitches and the next 14 stitches, and on the remaining 32 stitches continue the rib, decreasing...
every fourth row near the 14 stitches till 10 stitches have been taken off. Cast off.

WOMAN'S VEST

Sew up the shoulders.
The neck must now be knitted on No. 14 needles. Put the 28 back stitches which have been threaded on to some wool on to one needle and
pick up 32 stitches on each side of the shoulders, and also the front stitches, keeping the opening. It would be best to use five needles for this, and work with the sixth, so as not to strain the shoulders. Rib backwards and forwards, decreasing every other row in four places, namely, on either side of the shoulders, till 32 stitches in all have been taken off. Rib 4 more rows and cast off.

Crochet a row of 1 chain, 1 treble, on the neck (for a ribbon) and put an edging above that, viz.: 1 double in the 1 chain, * 5 chain; 1 double into first of 5 chain, and 1 double into the 1 chain. Repeat *.

Sleeves.—With No. 8 needles, pick up round the armhole 104 stitches. Rib for 8 inches. Decrease each side of centre stitch under the arm, every fifth row, 18 times. Put these stitches on No. 14 needles. Decrease 8 times. Continue ribbing without decreasing till the sleeve is 22 inches long. Cast off. Put the crochet edging round the sleeve, &c., &c.

Head Shawl.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—4½ oz. of Baldwin and Walker's Best White Shetland Wool, and medium-sized Crochet Hook.

Make a ring of 5 chain.

1st row. Put 7 longs into this ring. Turn.

2nd row. 4 chain, 7 longs between first and second long in previous row, and 7 longs between sixth and seventh long. Turn with 4 chain.

3rd row. 7 longs between first and second long in last group of previous row; 7 longs in middle of group of first row; 7 longs between sixth and seventh long in first group of previous row. Turn, continue thus increasing at each end until there are 39 groups.

40th row. Now go all round the shawl with these, and group at the sides, putting them into every other of the "4 chains."
41st row. Like 40th row, only at sides, put the groups in the "4 chains" that were omitted in last row.

42nd row. In middle of each group do 9 longs only, do not draw the needle through last loop of each long till the ninth long, then draw it through all the 9 loops at once, work 5 or 6 chains and a double between groups of previous row.

43rd row. In centre of each group of previous row, do 13 longs with 1 chain between each; 1 double into the double of previous row.

44th row. Last edge, viz.: 1 double between first and second long, 5 chain 1 double into first of the 5 chain, 1 double between second and third long, and so on all round the shawl.
Knee Caps.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—2½ oz. of Baldwin and Walker's 4-ply “Ladyship” Vest Wool. Two Needles, No. 15, are required for the first part of the recipe, and two more when the stitches are picked up.

CAST on 96 stitches. Knit 1, purl 1, backwards and forwards for 50 rows to make a welt (begin the row with purl 1), then the next row will be knitted in the brioche stitch.

1st row. Bring thread forward, slip 1, knit 1.
2nd row. Bring thread forward, slip 1, knit 2.
Repeat this 2nd row 23 times.

26th row. Bring thread forward, slip 1, knit 2, bring thread forward, decrease 1 rib (that is 3 stitches), continue to knit the pattern till the third rib from the end, and then decrease another whole rib, knit the pattern to the end of the row.

Continue the brioche stitch, decreasing every 6th row (observing that there only appear to be 3 rows between each decreasing, as it takes 2 rows in brioche stitch to complete a pattern) till there are 16 ribs on your needle (48 stitches). Take a third needle and pick up 32 stitches down the side, missing every third loop; this brings you to where you began decreasing. Knit back on this needle, thread forward, slip 1, knit 1, making 48 stitches (this makes a neater join than if you picked up every stitch and then knitted two together coming back). Knit the next needle in the pattern, and pick up the stitches on the opposite side with another needle in the same way, only pick up your stitches purl way instead of plain. First needle knit back, thread forward, slip 1, knit 1. You will now have 48 stitches on each needle, 144 in all, same as you had at the beginning. You will find it easier to keep your stitches on three needles and knit with a fourth.

Knit 24 more rows (12 forward and 12 back). Then begin the welt, purl 1, knit 2 together, purl 1, knit 2 together.

2nd row. Purl 1, knit 1. Continue this for 50 rows. Cast off loosely and sew up.
N.B.—It makes a better edge to your welt if the 1st stitch is slipped (purl way) off the needle, but the 2nd stitch must be knitted plain, not purled, in order to continue the same rib when the brioche stitch begins.
Boy's Sweater or Jersey.

Without Collar.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—12 oz. of Baldwin and Walker’s 4-ply White or Heather Mixture “Ladyship” Petticoat Fingering. No. 6 Needles.

BACK.—Divide stitches in half and knit backwards and forwards for 50 rows, leaving the other 78 stitches on needles to be continued afterwards for front. When the 50 rows are done, put 30 stitches on to spare needle for back of neck, leaving 24 stitches on each side for shoulders.

Knit these 24 stitches on each side for 8 more rows and leave stitches on needles.

FRONT.—Now continue the front. Knit 24 rows backwards and forwards, making the pattern described below before decreasing for front opening for neck.

NECK.—When the 24 rows are knitted, divide the stitches evenly on to 2 needles, and decrease one stitch on each needle at the mouth of the front opening. Decrease 4 times with 2 rows between, and after that every other row. When 24 stitches are left on each front needle, knit them together with those on back for shoulders. The pattern to be retained in the front of Jersey till the shoulder is reached. Pick up 48 stitches round neck opening, which with the 30 stitches left on back needle will make 78 stitches, and knit border round neck.

BORDER PATTERN.—1st row. Bring wool forward, slip 1 as if for purling, knit 1, repeat.
2nd row. Slip 1st stitch as if for purling, purl the next 2 together (they lie one over the other), repeat.
3rd row. Purl.
4th row. Bring wool forward, slip 1, as if for purling, knit 1, repeat.
5th row. Bring wool forward, slip 1, knit 2 together, repeat.
6th row. Like the 2nd row. Cast off after repetition of 2nd row.

PATTERN FOR FRONT.—4 plain, 4 purl, etc., 1st row. 4 purl, 4 plain, etc., 2nd row. Every ninth row the pattern is reversed. At the beginning and end of row it will be seen the 78 stitches will only admit of a group of 3 stitches in place of 4, and a group of 8 in the centre, thus making both sides match.

SLEEVE.—Pick up 60 stitches round armhole. Decrease under the armpit 10 times every other row.

Then knit 90 rows plain. Decrease 1 stitch on each needle.

Knit 8 rows. Decrease 1 stitch on each needle.

Knit 1 row.

Knit 18 rows ribbed, 2 purl, 2 plain. Cast off rather tightly.
GOLF JACKET.
Golf Jacket.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—28 oz. of Baldwin and Walker's "Ladyship" 5-ply Scotch Fingering (Red). No. 14 Needles must be used.
"Ladyship" 4-ply X Fingering may also be used.

THE Jacket is made of plain knitting; the fronts and the back are knitted backwards and forwards, either on two long No. 14 needles, or if so many stitches are found cumbersome on the needles, on three or four short ones. The ends of the needles must be constantly altered to prevent any slackness in the knitting. This is most important, as if well knitted the jacket looks almost as if made of cloth, and the elasticity of the knitting renders it very comfortable in wear. The knitting should measure 9 stitches to the inch and 12 rows in length to the inch.

FOR THE FRONT.—Cast on 120 stitches.

Increase 2 at the beginning of every row on the buttonhole side till you have 162 stitches on your needles, when the knitting should measure 18 inches across. Continue knitting without any increase till you have knitted 20 inches, measuring from the bottom.

Begin on the armhole side and knit 40 stitches, decreasing on the inside 2 stitches at the beginning of every row till all the 40 stitches are knitted off to form a point at the back of the arm. Work your wool in again on the armhole side of the stitches you left behind and cast off 12 stitches; knit backwards and forwards 20 rows, casting off one at the beginning of every row on the armhole side.

You should now have 100 stitches on your needles.

Now knit 20 rows with no increasings, then begin to increase 1 on the armhole side at the beginning of every row till your knitting measures 27½ inches in length, then cast off 30 stitches on the buttonhole side. Continue your knitting, decreasing 1 on the buttonhole side and increasing 1 on the armhole side at the beginning of every row, when your knitting measures 31 inches in length. Begin casting off 8 stitches at a time on the armhole side till all are knitted off. This forms the slope for the shoulder seam. Two fronts are of course required.

FOR THE BACK.—Cast on 113 stitches.

Knit backwards and forwards for 19 inches, then increase 1 stitch at
the beginning of every row till your knitting measures 22 inches from the bottom. Then knit without increasing till you have 26 inches, when 150 stitches should be on your needles. Now begin the decreasing for the shoulder and decrease 1 at the beginning of every row for 2 inches. After this, it is better to decrease more rapidly by decreasing at the beginning and end of every row for 2 rows. Then knit 1 row without decreasing, then decrease the 2 next, and so on, till your knitting measures 31 inches in length. It should measure 8 inches across at the top. Cast off.

For the Sleeve.—Cast on 80 stitches on 2 needles.

Knit backwards and forwards, increasing 2 stitches at the beginning of every row till you have 180 stitches on your needles, then join your knitting together and knit round and round on 4 or 5 needles. Decreasing 1 stitch at the beginning of every alternate round till you have 160 stitches on your needles. This decreasing will fall on the inner part of the arm.

Knit 5 inches plain.

Now decrease 1 stitch every 3 rows till you have 126 stitches on your needles; for the right arm the decreasing should be made at the 18th stitch on your first needle, and for the left arm 18 stitches from the end of your last needle. This decreasing will fall on the outer part of the arm from the elbow.

The knitting should now measure 20 inches in the longest part.

Now begin the cuff by purling 2 rounds. Knit 3 inches ribbed, 8 plain 1 purl, decreasing away one whole rib on the under side by decreasing every 5th row. Purl 2 rounds and continue the rib for another 1¼ inches, decreasing as before.

Cast off, and hem down half an inch to make a tidy edge. The sleeve should measure now 24 inches altogether.

Pockets.—There are four pockets.

Two measure 8 by 8½ inches, for which 72 stitches are cast on.

One measures 6 by 6½ inches, for which 54 stitches are required.

The fourth pocket measures 4 by 4½ inches, for which 36 stitches are cast on.

These measurements are for a full-sized man's jacket. For making up, a cloth collar is of course required. The fronts are lined with red serge, and red braid is used to bind inside the edge of jacket and sleeves. If, in making up, the tailor finds it necessary to cut away any portion of the knitting, it will not unravel if the edges are damped, ironed, and darned before they are cut.
MAN'S SWEATER.
Man's Sweater with Collar.

MATERIALS REQUIRED. - 20 oz. of Baldwin and Walker's "Ladyship" 4-ply White Petticoat Fingering. Four No. 7 Needles. If desired, this Sweater can be made in coarser, stronger wool, in which case Messrs. Baldwin and Walker's 3-ply Wheeling will be found very suitable.

FOR THE WELT.—Cast on 184 stitches on three needles.

Knit 1 round plain; then knit 13 rounds 2 plain 2 purl.

Knit 1 round plain; and 1 round 2 plain 2 purl, alternately three times.

Knit 1 round purl.

FOR THE BODY.—Knit 1 plain round.

Knit 1 round 2 plain 2 purl.

Knit 1 plain round.

Knit 1 round 2 purl 2 plain.

This makes a pattern, which has to be repeated 38 times. When this is done, divide the stitches evenly on two needles (92 on each needle), one for the back and one for the front.

FOR THE BACK.—Knit backwards and forwards for 7 more patterns, decreasing at each end of the needle to shape the armhole, knitting 3 rows between each decreasing. The first decreasing is made on the first plain round of pattern. The stitches are now reduced to 78. Knit backwards and forwards for 10 more patterns, making 17 patterns in all from the division of the stitches. Now take the first 25 stitches on to an extra needle for the shoulder, slip the next 28 stitches on to a thread for the back of the neck, and leave the last 25 stitches on a needle for the other shoulder. Now begin the front of the Sweater.

FOR THE FRONT.—Knit backwards and forwards for 7 more patterns, decreasing in the same manner as for the back, when the stitches will be reduced to 78. Knit 5 more patterns backwards and forwards without decreasing. Then slip the 18 middle stitches on to a thread for front of neck, knit 5 more patterns with the first 30 stitches, always slipping the first stitch, and decreasing every fourth row on the side next the neck till there are 25 stitches left, then knit the front and back shoulders together.
Knit the last 30 stitches in the same manner, and join them to the other shoulder.

For the Collar.—Pick up 78 stitches, 28 for the back, 18 for the front, and 16 on either side. Knit 3 rounds 1 plain 1 purl. Then knit backward and forwards 1 plain 1 purl for 3 rows, always slipping the first stitch. This is to form the front opening for collar. After the third row, increase 2 stitches into every alternate plain rib. Knit 6 rows. Increase 2 stitches into the second plain rib and miss alternately 1 plain rib, then 2 plain ribs, increasing altogether 22 times. Knit 15 rows. Cast off and pick up the slipped stitches at the edge of the collar and cast them off.

For the Sleeve.—Pick up 104 stitches, knitting round and round. Make a seam stitch under the arm, and decrease every fourth row each side of the seam stitch till there are 44 stitches left on the needles. Knit 1 round purl. Knit 26 rounds 2 plain 2 purl, and cast off.

Smaller Size Sweater (Boy’s).

Cast on 120 stitches. Knit 18 rounds 2 purl 2 plain, then knit 15 inches in the same pattern as the larger sweater; then divide the stitches in half, taking 60 for the front and 60 for the back. Knit the back on two needles, still keeping the pattern for 7½ inches, decreasing five times at the beginning and end of row, having three rows between each decreasing. Then divide the stitches, put the first 16 on to an extra needle for the shoulder, run 18 on to a thread for the neck, and the last 16 for the other shoulder. Knit the front on two needles, decreasing in the same manner for six inches, then slip the 12 middle stitches on to a thread. Knit three more patterns with the first 19 stitches, decreasing every fourth row three times, then knit the front and back shoulder together. Knit the last 19 stitches in the same manner, and join them to the other shoulder.

For the Collar.—Pick up 60 stitches, and knit the collar in a similar manner to the larger sweater, only make it in depth to measure 4 inches.

For the Sleeve.—Pick up 90 stitches, decreasing every third row till you have 40 stitches left, then knit a welt 2 plain 2 purl. Make the sleeve 16½ inches.

The same kind of wool and the same sized needles can be used for this sweater as for the man’s sweater. If knitted in red wool this pattern makes a good hockey jersey for girls.
Man’s Sock.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—4 oz. of Baldwin and Walker’s Best 4-ply “Ladyship” Scotch Fingering for one pair. Four Needles, No. 15.

CAST on 80 stitches. Knit 2, purl 2, for 3½ inches, the rest of the sock is plain knitting. Purl 2 of the purl stitches together to make a seam stitch. Purl this seam stitch always. Knit for about an inch, then begin the decreasing or intakes. Keep 1 plain stitch each side of the seam stitch.

Decrease before the seam stitch by slip 1, knit 1, pass the slipped stitch over. Decrease after the seam stitch by knitting 2 together. Seven rows between each decreasing. Decrease 3 times each side of seam stitch.

From welt to commencement of heel, 8 inches.

HEEL.—Divide for heel. 37 stitches on back for heel. 36 stitches on front needle. Do 37 rows for heel. Alternate knit and purl row, keeping the seam stitch.

GUSSET OF Heel.—Knit up to the seam stitch. Purl 1, knit 2, knit 2 together, knit 1; turn round, slip 1, purl 6, purl 2 together, purl 1; turn round, slip 1, knit up to the space all but one, knit 2 together, knit 1; turn round, slip 1, purl up to one before space, purl 2 together, purl 1. Continue these 2 rows till you have 6 stitches left each side. Then end each row with the taking 2 together until there are no stitches left. Pick up side stitches. Keep front needle stitches as they are, and divide all the other stitches between two needles.

INSTEP.—Knit out the 1st needle all but 3 stitches, knit 2 together, knit 1, knit 2nd needle without decreasing, 3rd needle, knit 1, slip 1, knit 1, pass slipped stitch over, knit rest of needle plain. Plain round without decreasing. Continue these 2 rounds till you have 18 stitches on each side of needle.

There are 6 inches from commencement of instep to commencement of toe.

Knit 3, slip 1, knit 1, pass slipped stitch over, knit 6. Continue thus, ending round with knit 3; 6 rounds between without decreasing, then 5
rounds between, then 4 rounds between, then 3 rounds between, then 2 rounds between, then 1 round between. Then thread off the remaining stitches, draw tight, and fasten off.

MAN'S SOCK.
SHOOTING STOCKINGS.

Shooting, Golfing, or Bicycling Stockings.

FOR this recipe, the machine-knitted tops as supplied by BALDWIN AND WALKER to match their wools have been used, but several examples of hand-knitted tops are given elsewhere. The feet are knitted with thinner wool, so as to be more comfortable in wear, and the difference in texture is scarcely perceptible to the eye if well knitted.
The legs are knitted in BALDWIN & WALKER'S Golfandgun Wool, for which 4 oz. are required, and No. 13 needles. For the feet, 2 oz. of 4-ply Fingering (to match) are required, and No. 14 needles. If the tops of the Stockings are hand-knitted, more wool would be required. The

machine-made tops can be obtained from the retailers of Messrs. BALDWIN AND WALKER'S Wools.

Pick up stitches in machine-knitted top (104), and continue the rib of the top for about an inch, decreasing the stitches to 84 on the 6th row,
Now turn the knitting inside out and begin the broad rib with a narrow rib between each. Put 36 stitches on the 1st needle, 24 on the 2nd and 3rd. Knit 9 plain, 1 purl, 1 plain, 1 purl for 4½ inches; then begin to decrease at the back of the leg in the following manner. Begin to decrease on the 11th stitch of the 1st needle by taking 2 together, and thus making 2 purl stitches in between the broad ribs at back in place of 1 purl, 1 plain, 1 purl, as heretofore. Knit 2 more rounds and then decrease again 1 stitch in the same place, turning the 2 purl into 1 purl stitch. Continue this method of decreasing in the same place till the two broad ribs have come down into a point. The decreasing should be purl or plain, according to the rib, and in the plain bit of the rib it looks better if you alternately “slip one, knit one, pull the slipped stitch over” and “take 2 together.” When the decreasing is purled the method of “taking 2 together” would have to be used. There will now be 62 stitches on the needles. Keep the two narrow ribs together so that they shall run down into the middle of the heel; continue the same ribbing for another 4½ inches, and then divide for the heel. Put 31 stitches on the heel needle and 31 stitches on the front needles. The heel should be knitted for 3 inches before turning. When the turn of the heel has been made, pick up the stitches at the side with the smaller-sized needles and finer wool. There should now be 100 stitches on the needles. Decrease 9 stitches on each side for the instep narrowings, and knit about 8 inches before beginning the decreasing for the toe, keeping the rib on the front needles till then. The foot should be about 11 inches long.

The recipe for the second Stocking is the same as the one given above, with the exception that the leg has a narrower rib, viz., 7 plain, 1 purl, so the narrowing begins in the middle of the rib instead of between, and three ribs are narrowed off into points, decreasing from 88 stitches to 64. It is always better in this narrowing to arrange for the purl stitch to come in the centre of the heel like a seam stitch.
Stocking Top.

Three colours:
Brown, White, and Green.

MATERIALS REQUIRED.—
4-ply “Ladyship” Scotch Finger- ing; No. 14 Needles. The pattern is taken from one of the latest designs for Machine-knitted Tops, sold by Messrs. Baldwin and Walker.

CAST on 96 stitches.
Knit 6 rows 2 purl 2 plain, then 1 row plain, in the brown wool.
Arrange your stitches 32 on each needle to make a complete pattern.

1st row.  3 green, 9 brown, 1 white, 7 green, 1 white, 9 brown, 2 green.

2nd row.  2 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 7 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 white, 5 green, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 white, 7 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green.

3rd row.  1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 5 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 3 green, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green.

4th row.  1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 3 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 green, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green.

5th row.  2 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown.
6th row. 3 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 2 brown.

7th row. 4 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 white, 3 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 3 brown.

8th row. 5 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 3 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 5 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 3 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 4 brown.

9th row. 4 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 5 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 7 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 5 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 3 brown.

10th row. 3 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 3 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 9 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 3 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 2 brown.

11th row. 2 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 white, 11 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown.

12th row. 1 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 white, 13 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white.

13th row. 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 white, 15 brown, 1 white, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown, 1 green, 1 brown.

14th row. Same as 12th.

15th row. Same as 11th.

16th row. Same as 10th.

And so on till the 25th row; then knit 12 rows 2 purl 2 plain, before beginning the stocking leg.

This pattern is big enough for a boy of about 14. If required for a man, put on 32 more stitches or knit it with thicker wool and bigger needles.
Stocking Top.  (2 Colours.)

Greek Pattern.


CAST on 96 stitches.

1st round. Plain round of light wool.

2nd round. 1 light, 15 dark; repeat to end of round.

3rd round. 1 light, 1 dark, 4 light, 2 dark, 6 light, 2 dark; repeat.

4th round. 1 light, 1 dark, 1 light, 2 dark, 1 light, 2 dark, 1 light, 4 dark, 1 light, 2 dark; repeat.

5th round. 1 light, 1 dark, 2 light, 1 dark, 1 light, 2 dark, 1 light, 1 dark, 2 light, 1 dark, 1 light, 2 dark; repeat.

6th round. 1 light, 4 dark, 1 light, 2 dark, 1 light, 1 dark, 1 light, 2 dark, 1 light, 2 dark; repeat.

7th round. 6 light, 2 dark, 1 light, 1 dark, 4 light, 2 dark; repeat.

8th round. 15 dark, 1 light; repeat.

9th round. Plain round of light, knit 3 rounds of dark, then 1 round 1 dark 1 light alternately, and 1 round 1 light 1 dark alternately, then knit 3 rounds of dark, then repeat Greek pattern.
Cast on any number of stitches that can be divided by 6.

1st round: 3 light, 3 dark, 3 light, 3 dark; repeat to end of round.

2nd round: 4 light, 1 dark, 5 light, 1 dark; repeat 5 light, 1 dark to end of round, finishing the round with 1 light.

3rd round: 1 light, 1 dark, 3 light, 1 dark; repeat to end of round.

4th round: 3 dark, 3 light, 3 dark, 3 light; repeat to end of round.

5th round: 1 light, 1 dark, 1 light, 1 dark; repeat 3 light, 1 dark, 1 light, 1 dark to end of round, finishing with 2 dark.

6th round. Same as 2nd round.

7th round. Same as 1st round.

This recipe describes the pattern only.
Stocking Top. (2 Colours.)

Openwork Pattern,
with Hemmed Edge.


CAST on 64 stitches.

Knit 12 rounds plain in dark wool.
Take light wool, put the wool forward, knit 2 together for one round, knit 12 rounds plain in dark wool.
Take up the cast on edge and knit together with the stitches on your needles.
Take light wool, slip 1 stitch, knit 1 stitch, pull the slipped stitch over the knitted one, put the wool forward; repeat to end of round. Then knit one round plain with dark wool; repeat 1st round with light wool, then repeat 2nd round with dark wool, till you have knitted 12 rounds. Then put the wool forward, take 2 together with light wool to end of round, knit another round plain with dark wool, till you have knitted another 12 rounds, then repeat hemmed edge.
LADYSHIP WOOL,
SOME OF ITS USES

LADYSHIP 2-PLY SCOTCH FINGERING.—Suitable for light work—Shawls, Gloves, Gentlemen’s Summer Socks, &c., and for Crochet work.

LADYSHIP 3-PLY SCOTCH FINGERING.—A soft, good wearing wool of medium thickness, intended for intermediate wear, Cycling Stockings, &c.

LADYSHIP 4 & 5-PLY FINGERING.—A thoroughly reliable wool, soft and durable, made for knitting Stockings, Socks, Gloves, Jerseys, &c. A large variety of patterns for Golfing and Shooting Stockings.

LADYSHIP 4 & 5-PLY MERINO.—A beautifully warm, soft and durable wool, for Shawls, Light Petticoats, Ladies’ Stockings, Crossovers, Jackets, &c.

LADYSHIP 3 & 4-PLY VEST WOOL.—In light mixtures, Scarlet and White. Suitable, as the name implies, for Undervests, Pants, Combinations, Knee Caps, &c.

LADYSHIP 3 & 4-PLY SUPER X FINGERING.—Recommended for Boys’ Stockings, and Socks, Tam o’ Shanters, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets and Jerseys. A good wearing yarn.

LADYSHIP PETTICOAT WOOL.—Thick, warm, light wool, for Petticoats, Mufflers, Sweaters, Antimacassars, Counterpanes, &c.

ANDALUSIAN WOOL.—For soft knitting purposes, combined with wear, such as Slippers, Scarves, Gloves, Cuffs, Babies’ Shoes, Mittens, Socks, &c.


LADYSHIP PERSIAN WOOL.—Very fine wool, for Veils, &c.

LADY BETTY WOOL.—A beautifully soft and fine quality wool, suitable for Babies’ wear, &c.

HIGHLAND SOFT KNITTING YARN.—In 2-oz. packets. A strong fine yarn, Cord spun for wear.

GOLFANDGUN WOOL.—A thick, soft, fine quality wool, in many suitable shades; manufactured, as the name implies, for knitting Stockings for Sportsmen, Cyclists, Golfers, &c.

LADYSHIP WHEELING YARN.—A thick strong durable yarn, for rougher use. Suitable for the same purposes as above, and for Fishermen’s wear, Winter Bicycling Stockings, Gloves, Jerseys, &c.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR WASHING ARTICLES KNITTED FROM “LADYSHIP” WOOLS.

The washing of Woollen Articles seems to be so little understood that we offer these few instructions, gathered from our sixty years’ experience:

1. Do not steep the garments overnight.
2. The water should not be so hot that the hand cannot be held in it.
3. Use a good plain soap.
4. Wash quickly.
5. Rinse the articles in clean warm water, and
6. Dry quickly.

If these instructions be adhered to, the garments will be found to be thoroughly clean, and shrinking is avoided. Boiling water, or strong Dry Soaps and Powders, shrink and ruin the fibre of the wool, and spoil the colour; while nothing tends to loosen the dye more than leaving the fabric wet or damp for any length of time.

BALDWIN & WALKER, Ltd., Spinners of “Ladyship” Knitting and Fancy Wools, HALIFAX.